

FINAL CLEARANCE

Before the Formal Reopening of
the Reorganized
Smoot-Coffey Co.,

All odd lots remaining from former stocks marked at prices to sweep the shelves and counters clean. Great values in high-class merchandise.

10 Tailored Suits, in medium weights suitable for spring wear, at much less than the cost of the materials.

1 Tan Henrietta Cloth Suit, size 36. Originally \$40.00. At \$18.50.

4 Satin Soule Suits—1 tan, size 36; 1 reseda, size 36; 1 rose, size 38; 1 gray, size 40. Originally \$42.50. At \$18.50.

1 Hunter's Green Fine Cloth Suit, size 36. Originally \$60.00. At \$18.50.

1 Brown and White Striped Serge Suit, size 38. Originally \$50.00. Now \$18.50.

2 Tan Novelty Cloth Suits, sizes 36 and 38. Originally \$25.00. Now \$12.50.

1 Blue Imperial Serge Suit, size 38. Originally \$35.00. Now \$12.50.

1 lot \$1.50 Lingerie Waists to go at 75c.

1 lot Muslin Nightgowns; high and low neck; lace trimmed. Were \$1.00. At 75c.

75c French Dressing Gown Flannels; dark and light colors. Per yard, 25c.

75c French Challies; dark and light grounds. Per yard, 50c.

Lupin's \$1.25 and \$1.35 French Voiles, in the desirable blue and tan shades; all wool. Per yard, \$1.00.

Women's Black 16-button Lisle Gowns; sizes 5½ and 6 only. Were \$1.00 pair. Now 50c.

1 lot Men's Cotton and Lisle Hose, in black and tan; mostly large sizes. Were 25c, 35c and 50c. To close at, per pair, 19c.

Many small lots will be found on the bargain tables at extremely low prices.

New spring merchandise also being shown.

100 pieces of French Valenciennes Laces; worth \$1.00 piece of 12 yards; to go at 50c.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

1216 F Street N.W.

PIMPLES DISAPPEAR

New Healing Agent Makes Quick Work of Them.

The discoverers of psoriasis, the new skin discovery, ask that notice be given that no one is urged to purchase it without first obtaining the sample package which will be sent free to any one who writes to the Emergency Laboratory, 32 West 25th street, New York. This alone is sufficient to clear the complexion and to rid the face of pimples. Every one who has tried psoriasis knows that the fifty-cent box, on sale at every drug store, is a great relief. It will also cure acne, tetters, blotches, acaly scalp, hives, carbuncles and every other form of skin trouble, including itching feet. Being flesh-colored and containing no grease, the presence of psoriasis on exposed surfaces, such as the face and hands, is not perceptible. Water and soap cannot be used in connection with it, as these irritate and prolong skin troubles, sometimes even causing them.

HOOSIERS' MERRY TIME

LADIES OF INDIANA SOCIETY PROVIDE ENTERTAINMENT.

Masculine Members Kept in the Background—Largest Society in City.

At the final number of an enjoyable program, members of the Indiana Society, meeting last night in Pythian Temple, danced the Virginia reel. A new name, "Jerusalem," had caused all kinds of hilarity earlier in the evening. It was "ladies' night," and everything was in charge of the feminine members of the society, headed by Mrs. J. P. Megrew, who announced that the ladies proposed to show the men just how they would run things if the men were relegated permanently to the rear. Their success was attested by the fact that every one agreed that they had had a splendid time.

Only once during the evening did men get an opportunity to say a word, and that was when President Jones congratulated the society on the progress it has made and called attention to the fact that in point of membership, the Indiana Society is now at the head. "But you must remember," he said, "that the folks of a sister state have started a similar organization with the President of the United States as an active member. We must look to our laurels." He spoke also of the number of high officials which Indiana had in the various government departments.

Vocal and instrumental numbers were given by Miss Katherine Brooks, Mrs. Hobart Brooks, Mrs. A. W. Tracy, Miss Catherine McNeil, Mrs. P. E. Brown, Mrs. Rose Maxwell Dickey and Miss Miligan of New Castle, Ind. Miss Bertha Frances Wolfe gave several recitations, which were well received. The following committees of the society have been named:

Entertainment—H. W. Weber, chairman; Mrs. Rose Maxwell Dickey, Mrs. A. W. Tracy, Mrs. E. H. Farnham and Mrs. Emma B. Jones.

Reception—Martin A. Morrison, W. O. Barnard, Mrs. E. D. Crumpacker, Mrs. W. C. Callop, J. G. Greenawald, Mrs. W. J. Ethel, Mrs. Mary E. Boardman, Mrs. Scott C. Bone, Miss Anna C. Brown, Charles A. McGonigle, W. J. Fowler, Chester Lambert, Mrs. F. E. McCall, Mrs. E. C. Gentry, Mrs. J. E. McCall, W. Holcombe, J. P. Hornaday, Miss Alice B. Sanger, Miss Bertha Frances Wolfe, Raymond Dickey, Mrs. A. A. Huston, Howard De Hart, L. A. Gavitt, Miss May Warner, Mrs. T. E. Bell and Miss Laura Jaques.

Treasurer—William M. Bass, chairman; W. J. Ethel, Miss Katherine Brooks, George W. Dickey and Paul Bone.

ROCKVILLE.

Special Correspondence of The Star.

ROCKVILLE, Md., March 11, 1910.

Miss Mamie M. Hawkins of Spottsylvania county, Va., and Robert C. Jones of Culpeper county were married in Rockville yesterday by Rev. S. R. White of the Baptist Church at the home of the minister.

The wedding was celebrated by several friends and left for Washington immediately after the ceremony. The young folks admitted being runaways.

At a meeting of the athletic association of the Rockville High School yesterday, Prof. Roger J. Whiteford, principal of the institution, was elected manager of the team to be coached by several local coaches.

Edward Story, assistant manager, and Jesse Higgins, captain. There is said to be every prospect that the school will be represented by a strong team and an effort will be made to arrange an attractive schedule of games.

Delegate Andrew J. Cummings of this county has introduced in the house of delegates a bill reducing the fare from the District of Columbia line to Rockville on the Washington and Rockville electric railway from 20 to 15 cents. The bill is similar to one recently introduced by Delegate Henderson, who was defeated by several votes.

The fare between Washington and Somerset, this county, shall remain as at present, that only one fare be collected from Somerset to Keister Corner and that the company be required to sell commutation tickets as at present and at no higher rate.

The funeral of James H. Tschiffely, who died at his home near Darnestown Tuesday evening, took place this morning from the residence of the deceased at 1000 1/2 street, Rockville, by the Rev. J. H. Tschiffely, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Gilliam. Burial was in the cemetery near Darnestown.

Delegate Andrew J. Cummings of this county will introduce in the house of delegates within the next few days a bill incorporating an electric railway company to operate between Silver Spring and Damascus, this county. The capital stock will be \$250,000, and the incorporators are Lee Lattimer and Charles F. Nesbitt of Washington and Preston B. Ray, J. Dawson Williams, Harry M. Martin and Charles D. Muir of this county.

Sixteen indictments have been returned by the grand jury for selling liquor without licenses at Danville, Va.

An interesting case was that of Mr. H. L. McDuffee, a member of the firm of H. C. De Wolfe & Co. of the Crocker building, San Francisco.

The case was puzzling. There was a stone in the kidney, with a showing of blood. Examination by seven physicians proved that the blood was from the kidney. The stone was removed, and there was a stone cutting the kidneys, as the last case.

Four X-ray pictures were taken, three of them showing a stone half an inch in diameter. To be certain that it was a stone that was taken from a patient was put under him for comparison—both before and after the operation.

An operation was about decided upon, when Fulton's Renal Compound was recommended to Mr. McDuffee. He feared the knife and gave it a try.

Within ten weeks the blood and pain had ceased and in six months he considered himself well.

We also have a three-page letter from an old school physician, who was so surprised to get a complete recovery that he thought a record ought to be made of it and gave in the letter about it.

Fulton's Renal Compound seems to have about the same percentage of efficiency in stone in the kidney that it has shown in Bright's disease. It is sold by all druggists. A full bottle costs \$1.00. A smaller bottle, 50 cents. A full bottle costs \$1.00. A smaller bottle, 50 cents.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

We desire to advise every patient who is not getting the usual favorable results by the third week.

Dr. H. L. McDuffee, 1006 F St. N.W.

FORTS AT YOKOHAMA

Admiral Evans Praises Defenses of Japanese Harbor.

ARTIFICIAL ISLANDS USED

Entry of Hostile Fleet Would Be Difficult Matter.

GOVERNMENT ACTS QUICKLY

"Fighting Bob," in Book, Contrasts Methods in Mikado's Realm With Those of United States.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Admiral Robley D. Evans, in his book, "An Admiral's Log," issued by D. Appleton & Co., draws an impressive picture of the fortifications with which Japan has surrounded her seaports, and which Admiral Evans had opportunity to observe during the world cruise of the battleship fleet. He writes: "During the afternoon of April 27 we entered the beautiful bay of Yokohama, but we saw little that was attractive because of the weather—it was raining in a steady downpour, with more or less of fog. It was clear, however, for one to see the great changes that had taken place in the defenses of the harbor. Where formerly a few old 'smooth-bore' guns were in position to dispute the passage of an enemy's fleet modern high-powered twelve-inch rifles in great numbers were fringed down on the shore.

"Battery after battery of these guns could be seen, and we knew that many others, perhaps stronger, were concealed. It did not look like anything in the nature of a picnic or holiday performance to take a fleet past them unless the Japanese were willing to have one do so. After we had passed the batteries, however, we were looking about, trying to locate the position of the wreck of the United States sloop-of-war Onizuka, which had been sunk in this vicinity about thirty-five years before. She was run down by the British merchant steamer Bombay and carried to the bottom with over two hundred officers and men.

Forts on Two Islands.

"While thus engaged I sighted what at first appeared to be two islands, one on either side of the channel and not far from it. I knew, of course, that there were no islands there—at least none when I passed out of the bay, many years before. A close inspection as we ran by them showed that they really were artificial islands, and on each was a fort of great defensive power.

"I had read of these forts, and was interested to see what they amounted to. They proved to be of stone and concrete construction, and commanded the channel so perfectly that it would be practically impossible for a fleet to pass until they had been destroyed or silenced.

"The question of how these batteries had been constructed was particularly interesting to me, for the reason that we had urged that the same kind of defense should be adopted for the entrance to the harbor of San Francisco. My engineer officers had always decided against the scheme, and gave many reasons for so doing. The chief objection being the depth of the water in which the foundations would have to be laid. In our case this was not the case, for the Japanese forts it is built in.

Engineers Are Efficient.

"Judging from what I afterward saw of the Japanese engineers, I feel sure they would have built the fort in 400 feet of water if it had been desirable to do so. That the officers of our engineer corps are as able as those of any other country in the world every one who has had dealings with them will gladly admit. If they have fallen behind in the matter of harbor defense works we may be sure that there is some reason for it, and it might be that the major part of the funds actually doing the work will furnish this reason.

"When the Emperor of Japan is satisfied by his advisers that the fort should be built to defend a certain point, or that a number of batteries should be placed in a certain position, he has it done. Parliament finds the money as it is required, and the work progresses rapidly to completion.

"Laid out and executed in much cheaper Japan than they are with us, and the patriotism of the people is such that they would be supplied without compensation were it necessary.

"Whoever heard of 'shoddy' clothing or defective ammunition in the Japanese army or navy during the late war between that country and Russia? And who has not heard of these same disgraceful things in the wars of other nations? Any one who will take the trouble to look into the matter will find that the lack of proper coast defenses in the United States has not been charged upon the President or the officers of the corps of engineers.

Waste of Time in Our Country.

"After hundreds of reports had been made pointing out the necessity for such work, and many plans submitted showing how and why it should be done, Congress finally appointed a committee to consider and look into the matter. After years of looking and considering they reported, practically adopting the plans which had been before them all the time. Then, after a few years' more consideration, enough money was appropriated to begin work on a few forts, which, as a rule, were located near the cities large enough and strong enough politically to force compliance with the demands of their representatives. The small amount of money thus appropriated was soon expended, and the work stopped, and the machinery used in construction was left unemployed until another appropriation, when it was found that it required a considerable sum to put it again in working order."

ADmiral NAZRO RETIRED.

Unable, After Long Service, to Meet Physical Requirements.

REAR Admiral A. P. Nazro, one of the senior officers of his grade, has been placed on the retired list of the navy. He was recently in command of the naval station at Cavite, P. I., and was reported to be unfit to take the prescribed physical test last fall. As a result he was ordered to this city for examination.

Certainly, however, for further active duty. The examining board reported that he was afflicted with Bright's disease and recommended his retirement. The findings of the board have been approved by the President.

Admiral Nazro was born in Wisconsin, but was appointed to the navy from Massachusetts in July, 1865. He has made a distinguished record during his career, and reached the grade of rear admiral in December, 1908. He is the first high-ranking officer of the navy to be retired because of failure to meet the physical test.

SUES FOR DAMAGES.

Mrs. Shepherd Regrets Bakery and Stable as Nuisance.

Alleging that the bakery and stable of the Charles Schneider Baking Company near her boarding house is a nuisance, Mrs. Annie J. Shepherd has filed suit to recover from the company \$10,000 damages. She says the heat, noise, odors and smoke from the works is a nuisance and injure her business and health. She is represented by Attorneys J. B. Archer and L. Cabell Williamson.

THE POLICE WORK

It Is Done by Mounted Men of Canadian Northwest.

Never a Scandal, and Desertion Is Almost Unknown.

PATROL A VAST TERRITORY

One Thousand Men Keep Order in Country Half as Large as United States.

BY WILLIAM E. CURTIS.

Written for The Star and the Chicago Record-Herald.

The most famous and effective police in the world are the royal Irish constabulary, the royal northwest mounted police of Canada, the carabinieri of Spain and the carabinieri of Italy, all of them engaged in the prevention as well as the punishment of crime and the promotion of the material welfare of the people as well as the preservation of order.

In Bosnia and Herzegovina the Austrian government has mounted police performing similar duties in a most efficient manner. They are selected from the best material in the army; they are well paid and pensioned; they are divided into squads of eight or ten men under the command of sergeants, and are stationed in every community. They not only patrol their districts and do ordinary police duty, but serve as sanitary officers, instructors in agriculture and the industrial arts, veterinarians in doctoring horses and cattle, and furnishing the people with advice on every subject that may concern them. When a peasant is out of work the gendarmes find him a job; when an old woman is sick they fetch medicine from the police dispensary; when a farmer wants seed they obtain it from the government agents; when a boy runs away from home they recover him, and when there is a wedding or a funeral they act as hosts of ceremonies.

Honor Men From Army.

Nearly every story you read of the rural districts of Italy or Spain usually has something to say about the carabinieri. Marlon Crawford has paid the